دائــــــرة الـــصــحــــة DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH



Health Technology Review			
Technology Ref.:	HTA23040		
Technology Name:	TRANSCUTANEOUS BILIRUBIN METER (BILICARE)		
Approvals by International Bodies:	CE Marked		
Company name:	HESSA MEDICAL EQUIPMENTS CO LLC		
Agent in UAE:	R.K. MURTHY		
Email:	rkmurthy@hessamed.com		

Short Description of the Technology:	Transcutaneous bilirubin (TcB) is a measurement of the yellow color of the blanched skin and subcutaneous tissue, not of the serum, and is used as a screening tool to help determine at risk infants and whether the TSB should be measured. TcB measurements are being used with increasing frequency in hospital nurseries and in some outpatient settings. They have the advantage of providing instantaneous information and probably reduce the likelihood of missing the diagnosis of significant hyperbilirubinemia or kernicterus. The shortening of newborn hospital stays after birth and the observation that kernicterus is still occurring has drawn attention to the importance of identifying and monitoring the jaundiced newborn infant. The use of TcB screening is deemed to be more accurate than visual assessment and reduces the number of blood tests for bilirubin determination, without compromising detection of infants with elevated TSB values

Health Technology Assessment Team Recommend	Approved			
Summary of Review:				
The technology is a point of care device to analyses the light reflected by the skin and subcutaneous				
tissues to assess the risk of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia. This non-invasive method is easy, safe, and				
convenient for measuring neonatal jaundice. It has been used in different countries but not yet				
approved by FDA. The accuracy of the BiliCare System has been validated in clinical studies.				
Advantages	Disadvantages			
Efficacy; Can accurately define a level of	To be used	by healthcare professionals only		
bilirubin in preterm infants at a gestational age				
of 24 weeks and more				
Easy to use; The device can be operated with	Fairly new	technology needs more testing and		
one hand, both by right- and left-handers	more pati	ent's population studies with larger		
	neonatal	populations (although current		
	available s	tudies results is reassuring).		
Long-term storage of results provides trending				
of patient data.				
CE marked with no history of device recall or				

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failure could be found.		
The Bilicare device can be used on all skin tones		
and bilirubin measurements on newborns do		
not depend upon thickness of the ear.		
The specified parameters of the Bilicare device		
do not change over time since Bilicare uses LED		
technology		

We recommend an **approval of using this technology** with the following conditions:

- 1. Approval on using the technology "TRANSCUTANEOUS BILIRUBIN METER (BILICARE)" by healthcare professionals in healthcare facilities.
- 2. Establishing a proper quality monitoring process and reporting of any adverse events or unwarranted consequences including safety issues of employees.
- 3. Provision of regular updates and reports about the product to DOH upon request.

**Moreover,** DOH has the right to stop the product at any stage if deemed necessary, initial conditions and any subsequent conditions must be satisfied before obtaining final approval. Failure to do so will reflect in provoking the approval.

## Technology Image











## Population, setting and intended user for Technology "BILICARE DEVICE"

- Population/ Intended User;
  - For screening infants for hyperbilirubinemia.
- To be performed by:
  - By healthcare professionals.
- Clinical Setting:
  - Healthcare facilities.
- Condition of use:
  - As per Doctor recommendation.
- Exclusion criteria:
  - Other conflicting medical issues.

